

# DENSITY METERS FOR PACKAGE CHECKING

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Agriculture.Mo.Gov

#### Reference Temperatures for Liquids

Table 3-1. Reference Temperatures for Liquids						
If the liquid commodity is:	Volume is determined at the reference temperature of:	Code of Federal Regulation Reference*				
Beer	4 °C (39.1 °F)	27 CFR, Part 7.10				
Distilled Spirits	15.56 °C (60 °F)	27 CFR, Part 5.11				
Frozen food - sold and consumed in the frozen state	At the frozen temperature	21 CFR §101.7(b)(2)(i)				
Petroleum	15.6 °C (60 °F)	16 CFR §500.8(b)				
Refrigerated food (e.g., milk and other dairy products labeled "KEEP REFRIGERATED")	4 °C (40 °F)	21 CFR §101.7(b)(2)(ii)				
Other liquids and wine (e.g., includes liquids sold in a refrigerated state for immediate customer consumption such as soft-drinks, bottled water and others that do not require refrigeration)	20 °C (68 °F)	Food: 21 CFR 101.7(b)(2)(iii) Non-Food: 16 CFR §500.8(b) Wine: 27 CFR, Part 4.10 (b)				

\*The Code of Federal Regulations can be accessed online at: www.gpoaccess.gov/

(Amended 2010)

#### NIST Handbook 105-2

#### **Specifications & Tolerances for Field Standard Measuring Flasks**

<u>Cap at</u> <u>20°C</u> 1 gal	<u>in^3</u> 231	<u>cm^3</u> 3785.4	tol, cm^3	<u>tol</u>
1/2 gal	115.5	1892.7	1.00	0.053%
1 qt	57.8	946.4	0.70	0.074%
1 pt	28.88	473.2	0.40	0.085%
1/2 pt	14.44	236.6	0.30	0.127%
1 gill	7.22	118.3	0.20	0.169%
2 fl oz	3.61	59.1	0.30	0.507%

#### Volumetric Flask Method Temperature Requirements & Tolerances

- HB 133
  - when determining the density with volumetric flask, must maintain temperature within +/ 2°C (5°F) of reference temperature
  - A partial immersion thermometer (or equiv) at least 1°C (1°F) graduations, w/tolerance of +/- 1°C (2°F)



#### **Uncertainty of Flask Method**

	Motor Oil S						
	http://www.viscopedia.com/viscosity-						
	tables/subs	stances/enc	gine-oil/				
	density at 2						
	<u>°C</u>	<u>tol, +/-%</u>					
therm, tol	ol 1 0.00063 0.063% <b>2</b> 0.00035						
Δ° allowed	2	0.00063	0.126%	5	0.00035	0.175%	

Product: Motor Oil, 1 qt	error	% squared
1 pt Flask Tolerance	0.085%	0.00000072
Thermometer Tolerance	0.070%	0.00000049
Range Allowed +/-5°F	0.175%	0.00000306
sum of squares		0.00000428
Unc of flask method	0.21%	

#### **Uncertainty of Flask Method**

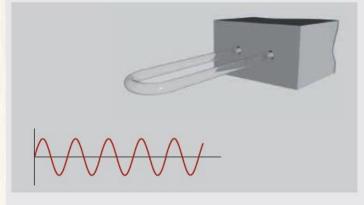
	<b>Motor Oil</b>	SAE 0W-30	)					
	http://www.v							
	density at	20°C .8498	, coeff fact	or 0.00063	/°C (0.0003	35/°F)		
	<u>°C</u>	factor/°C	tol, +/-%	<u>°F</u>	factor/°F	tol, +/-%		
therm, tol	1	0.00063	0.063%	2	0.00035	0.070%		
Δ° allowed	2	0.00063	0.126%	5	0.00035	0.175%		
	mineral sp							
	density at 15°C 0.803, coeff factor = $0.0009$ /°C $(0.0005$ /°F)							
therm, tol	1	0.0009	2	0.0005	0.100%			
Δ° allowed	2	0.0009	0.180%	5	0.0005	0.250%		

#### **Uncertainty of Flask Method**

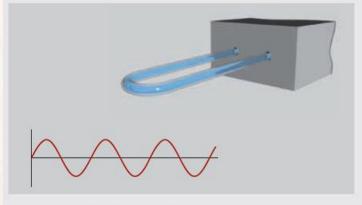
Motor Oil, 1 qt	error	% squared
1ptFlaskTol	0.085%	0.00000072
ThermTol	0.070%	0.00000049
Δ +/-5°F	0.175%	0.00000306
sum of squares		0.00000428
Unc of flask method		0.21%
Paint Thinner, 1 qt	error	% squared
1ptFlaskTol	0.085%	0.00000072
ThermTol	0.100%	0.0000100
Δ +/-5°F	0.250%	0.00000625
sum of squares		0.00000797
unc below expres	sed as %	0.00282356
Line of Classic and the state of		0.000/
Unc of flask method		0.28%



#### Density Meter - how does it work?



Oscillation of a U-tube filled with air



Oscillation of a U-tube filled with water

## **Technical Specifications**

Measuring range	Density: 0 g/cm³ to 3 g/cm³	
	Temperature: 0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 104 °F)*	
	Viscosity: 0 mPa⋅s to 1000 mPa⋅s	
Accuracy**	Density: 0.001 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Accuracy**	Temperature: 0.2 °C (0.4 °F)	
Repeatability, s.d.	Density: 0.0005 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
nepeatability, s.u.	Temperature: 0.1 °C (0.2 °F)	
5	Density: 0.0001 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Resolution	Temperature: 0.1 °C (0.1 °F)	

## **Density Meter**

Paint Thinner	error	% squared				
Meter Accur (0.001/0.8)	0.125%	0.00000156				
ThermTol	0.018%	0.0000003				
$\Delta$ +/-5°F is not used.	Rdg is cor	npensated.				
sum of squares		0.00000159				
sq root of sum of sq		0.00126289				
Unc of density meter	Unc of density meter 0.13%					
	mineral sp	oirits (ShellSo	D100S			
	density at	15°C 0.803, c	oeff fact	or = 0.0009	9/°C (0.000	5/°F)
therm, tol	0.2	0.0009	0.018%	0.36	0.0005	0.018%
Δ° allowed	0	0.0009	0.000%	0	0.0005	0.000%
intrument accuracy		0.0009	0.125%			

### **Current Method vs Density Meters**

	Flask / Product	Dens @ ref	Flask vs 4-place		Flask vs Portable		
1	temp	temp	Density	y Meter	Density	y <b>Meter</b>	
			No Flask		No Flask		
			adj for	<u>Flask</u>	adj for	<u>Flask</u>	
<u>Product</u>	<u>°F</u>	g/cc	temp	<u>Adj</u>	temp	<u>Adj</u>	
Milk,							
Skim	42.3	1.0359	-0.03%	0.01%	0.00%	0.03%	
Milk,							
Homo	42.8	1.0348	-0.04%	0.01%	-0.10%	-0.05%	
Paint							
Thinner	65.0	0.7652	-0.42%	-0.08%	-0.60%	-0.27%	
DEF	66.1	1.0897	-0.06%	0.04%	0.08%	0.06%	

#### **Density Meter**

- Measure at ambient temp
- Compensate to reference temperature using appropriate factor
- High viscosity (motor oil, veg oil, syrup, etc.) must be corrected
- Check calibration with distilled water
- Reading is in true mass. Final step is to adjust to apparent mass.
  - else error of 0.09% (DEF), 0.14% (paint thinner)



## Next....Density Meters for meter testing?

- Diesel Exhaust Fluid (dispense into new poly containers)
- Motor oil
- Antifreeze
- Agriculture chemicals
- Industrial chemicals and products





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## THE END... QUESTIONS? THANK YOU!

